Pigeonhole Theorem/ Intro to Proofs

August 31, 2021

Question 1

a) A martian has an infinite amount of red, blue, yellow and black socks. How many socks must they pull out of the drawer to guarantee they have a pair?

b) Assume California has a population of 40 million people. Show that there are at least 7 people who were born on the same day of the year.

c) Use Combinatorial proof to show that $\binom{n}{k} = \binom{n}{n-k}$

Question 2

a)Suppose $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$. Show that if $a^2|b$ and $b^3|c$ then $a^6|c$. b) Suppose x is odd. Show that $x^2 + 3x + 9$ is even. c) Suppose a|b. Show that $a|(b^3 - 3b^2 + 6b)$. d) More generally, show that if a|b then $a|(a_nb^n + a_{n-1}b^{n-1} + \cdots + a_1b)$ for any $a_1, \ldots a_n \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $n \in \mathbb{N}$

Question 3- Challenge Question

We will prove this later but we really have most of the tools already to prove this: Show that there are an infinite amount of prime numbers. (Hint: This proof uses the method of contradiction. Namely; assume for the sake of contradiction that there are only finitely many prime numbers. Show that you can then construct a new one that is not in your finite list, contradicting that the list was finite.)